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J.C. Patents				
4 Venture Suite 250			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Irvine, CA 926	636		2112	/
			DATE MAILED: 06/29/2004	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•	Applic	cation No.	Applicant(s)	r • •
_	09/92	2,045	LIN, JEFF	
Office Action Summar	Exami	ner	Art Unit	
	Clifford	d H Knoll	2112	
The MAILING DATE of this com Period for Reply	munication appears on	the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence a	ddress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIC THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMM - Extensions of time may be available under the provafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this - If the period for reply specified above is less than the - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxim - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for Any reply received by the Office later than three may be a served	MUNICATION. risions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In not communication. ritry (30) days, a reply within the num statutory period will apply are reply will, by statute, cause the onths after the mailing date of this	o event, however, may a statutory minimum of thi nd will expire SIX (6) MO a application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered time NTHS from the mailing date of this NBANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.
Status				•
 Responsive to communication(s This action is FINAL. Since this application is in cond closed in accordance with the p 	2b)⊡ This action i ition for allowance exc	is non-final. ept for formal ma	• •	ne merits is
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-8, 10-11</u> is/are pendidate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are allowed. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-3, 5-8, 10-11</u> is/are roward. 7) ☐ Claim(s) <u>4</u> is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to reserve the subject	is/are withdrawn from			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to to 10) The drawing(s) filed on is Applicant may not request that any Replacement drawing sheet(s) incli 11) The oath or declaration is object	/are: a) accepted or objection to the drawing (uding the correction is recorded.	(s) be held in abeya quired if the drawing	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 C	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a call a) All b) Some * c) None 1. Certified copies of the prical Copies of the prical Copies of the certified copies of the prical Copies of the prical Copies of the prical Copies of the certified copies of the	of: ority documents have to ority documents have to pies of the priority docu national Bureau (PCT I	been received. been received in a uments have been Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this Nationa	ıl Stage
Attachment(s)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revi Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-14 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	•	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PT	· (O-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is responsive to communication filed 4/12/04. Currently claims 1-8 and 10-11 are pending. Claim 9 has been cancelled.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Objections

Claim 10 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

The claim 10 limitation already appears in claim 6, and was apparently incorporated therein by amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claims 1-2, 5-11 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gulick (US 6499079).

Regarding claim 1, Gulick discloses the method of providing each transaction with a value to determine an order of execution (e.g., col. 10, lines 6-8), providing each transaction with a master identification value and gathering transaction having an

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identical master identification value and accessing the shared system resource in sequence according to the value (e.g., col. 9, lines 16-20).

Regarding claim 2, Gulick also discloses write and read transactions (e.g., col. 9, line 36).

Regarding claim 5, Gulick also discloses incorporating a flush and fence signal provided by an AGP bus to ensure proper transaction execution sequence (e.g., col. 12, lines 47-61).

Regarding claim 6, Gulick discloses at least one master controller capable of submitting read and write transactions, first bus, bridging device, and second bus (e.g., col. 4, lines 45-53), a chipset coupled to the second bus and the shared system resource for selecting one of the transactions (e.g., col. 5, lines 19-21), and the master identification value (e.g., col. 9, lines 16-20).

Regarding claim 7, Gulick also discloses the PCI bus (e.g., col. 4, line 47).

Regarding claim 8, Gulick also discloses the AGP bus (e.g., col. 18, lines 12-14).

Regarding claim 10, Gulick also discloses the master identification value (e.g.,

col. 9, lines 16-20).

Regarding claim 11, Gulick also discloses the plurality of read and write queues for holding the master and transaction identification values (e.g., col. 13, lines 25-28).

Thus the rejection of claims 1-2, 5-11 is maintained.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 3 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gulick in view of standard ordering practice, as further evidenced by Nishtala (US 2002/0138790).

Regarding claim 3, Gulick also discloses providing the first transaction with a transaction identification value of 0 (e.g., col. 15, lines 21-23, Figure 9), adding 0 when the previous transaction of the write transaction is the write transaction or the read transaction is the read transaction (e.g., col. 13, lines 21-25), and adding a nonzero number when the previous transaction of the write transaction is the read transaction or the read transaction is the write transaction is the read transaction or

Gulick neglects to mention the particular ordering of the transaction identification value as being a numerical order; however the Examiner takes Official Notice that it is widely known to use numerical order when ordering transactions as further evidenced by Nishtala. Nishtala discloses a numerical ordering of the transaction value (e.g., paragraph [0040]). It would be obvious to combine a numerical ordering with transaction identification value because numerical ordering is a standard means to establish ordering on numbers.

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Thus the rejection of claim 3 is maintained.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 4/12/04, with respect to claims 1-3, 5-8, and 10-11 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments, see page 8, filed 4/12/04, with respect to claim 4 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection of claim 4 has been withdrawn.

Regarding claims 1 and amended claim 6, Applicant argues that Gulick merely discloses a pipe ID, and "the pipe ID field did not label the initiating master controller" (p. 7). Examiner relies on the pipe ID in interpreting Gulick; thus, the issue rests on the relationship between the pipe ID and the initiating master controller. Here however, it is determined that the pipe ID does label the initiating master controller. Gulick first states that "[e]ach pipe (or channel), couples a function" (col. 4, lines 36-41). Gulick then teaches that "[a] function is a circuit that provides a specific function in the computer system. For example, a CPU and memory controller on a processor module are examples of functions. A PCI bridge and 1394 host controller are further examples of functions" (col. 4, lines 44-48). Gulick clearly intends to directly associate pipes with controllers, which themselves clearly contend and can be identified as master controllers; hence the pipe ID is determined to label a master controller in each instance of the identification.

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Regarding claims 3 and 4, Applicant argues that "there is no evidence to prove that combinations of Gulick and standard ordering practice teach claim 1", and that therefore dependent claims 3 and 4 are patentable (p. 8). However, although Applicant does not raise this issue with regard to the anticipation rejection, Examiner has determined that Gulick does adequately discloses the claimed "identification value to determine an order of execution of each transaction" (claim 1). At the passage cited in the 102 rejection maintained above, Gulick discloses that "[o]n pipes that support out of order pipelining, a tag number is assigned to each transaction. This tag uniquely identifies the transaction" (col. 10, lines 6-8), which is deemed adequate to disclose the "identification value" and the "order of execution" as claimed in claim1. The standard ordering practice referred to in the obviousness rejection of claims 3 and 4 refer strictly to the limitations that are presented in these dependent claims, but not themselves disclosed by Gulick. These claims recite the particular values used for identification and in particular rely on the standard numerical ordering of integers for picking transactions. Examiner relied on Official Notice that integers are a well-known ordered set; indeed they are widely used for ordering elements, in general, and for ordering elements for "picking" one transaction, in particular. This assertion was evidenced by Nishtala, which showed just such a use to select an element by ordering them by integer tags.

Regarding claim 4, Applicant further argues that "Gulick did not mention how to treat a write and a read with the same transaction identification value. That is, Gulick did not teach that a read with the same transaction identification value of a write should

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be a subsequent read of the write" (p. 8). With this argument, regarding its recitation in claim 4, the Examiner concurs:

Gulick teaches the assignment of a transaction identification, or "tag" in the event of out of order processing, but states that a unique tag is assigned to each transaction. It would seem Gulick does not contemplate the same transaction identification being assigned to more than one transaction in this instance. Gulick does teach that write transactions take precedence over read transactions and thus take precedence over transaction identification value, but Gulick does not teach the two transactions having the same tag value and, in this instance, selecting the write transaction over the read transaction.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 4 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Gulick teaches the assignment of a transaction identification, or "tag" in the event of out of order processing, but states that a unique tag is assigned to each transaction. It would seem Gulick does not contemplate the same transaction identification being assigned to more than one transaction in this instance. Gulick does teach that write transactions take precedence over read transactions and thus take precedence over transaction identification value, but Gulick does not teach the two transactions having

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the same tag value and, in this instance, selecting the write transaction over the read transaction.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Clifford H Knoll whose telephone number is 703-305-8656. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 0630-1500.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark H Rinehart can be reached on 703-305-4815. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

chk

Mark H. Rinehart Supervisory patent examiner Yechnology center 2100

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